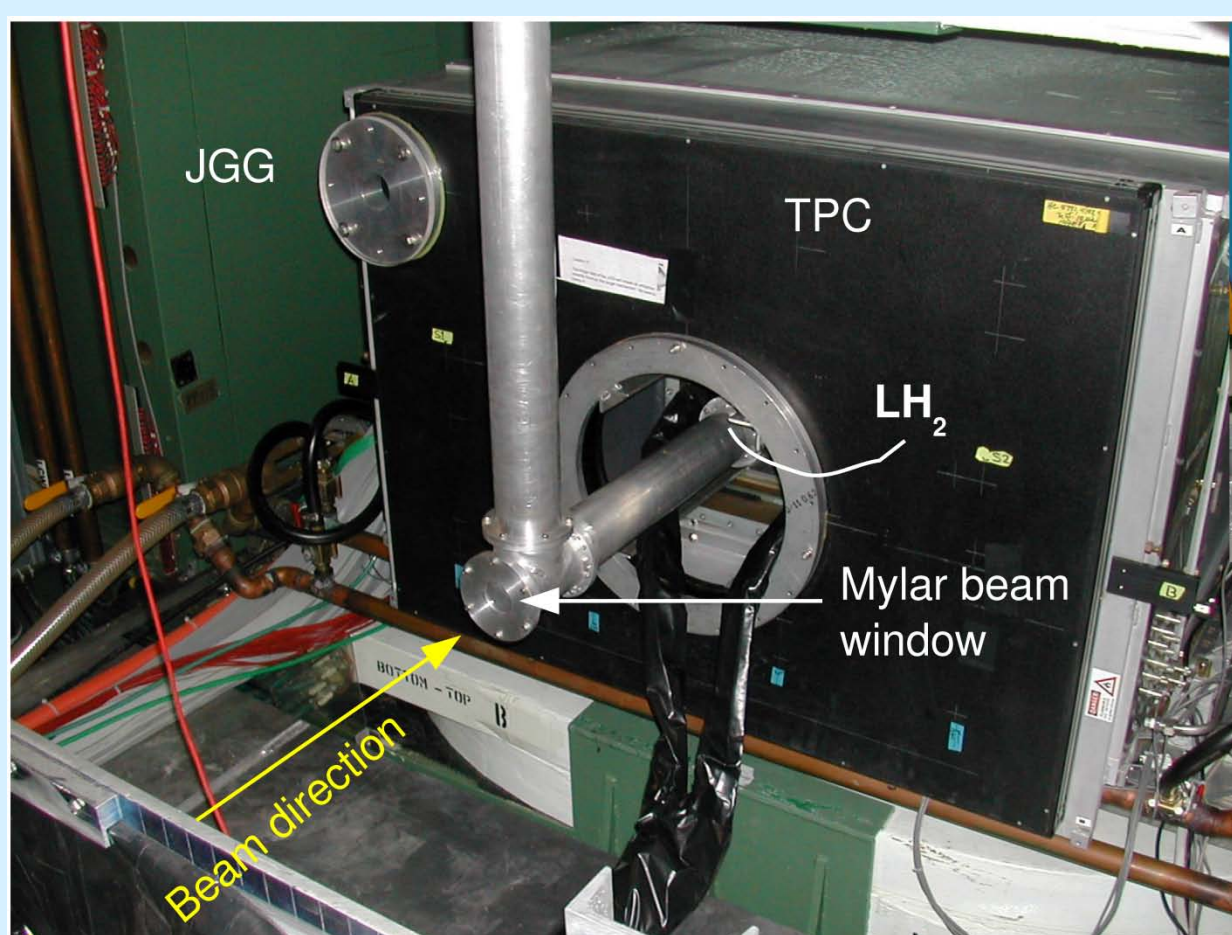
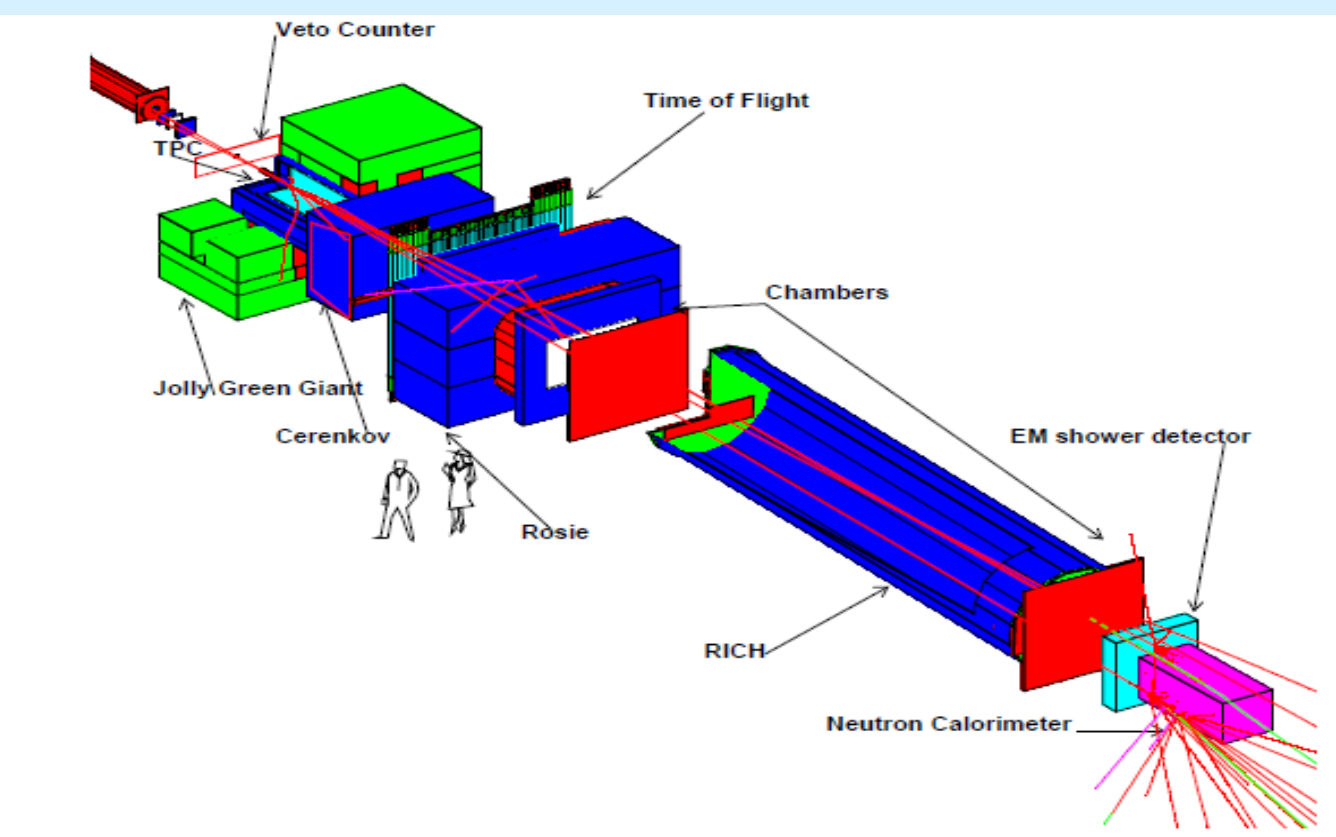
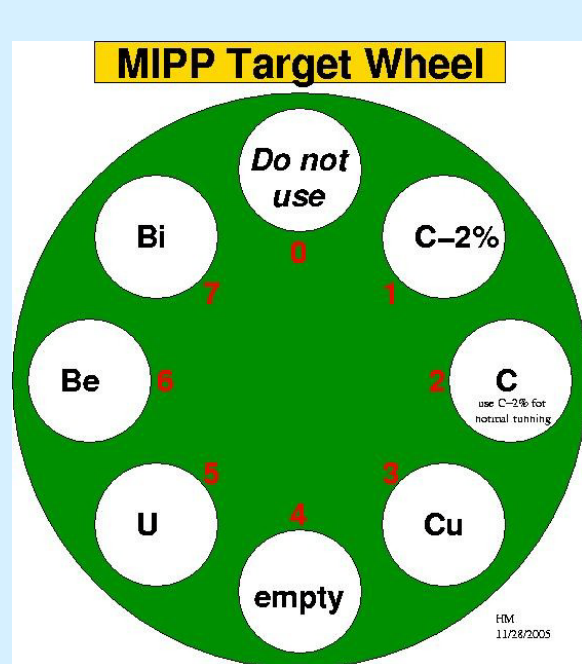
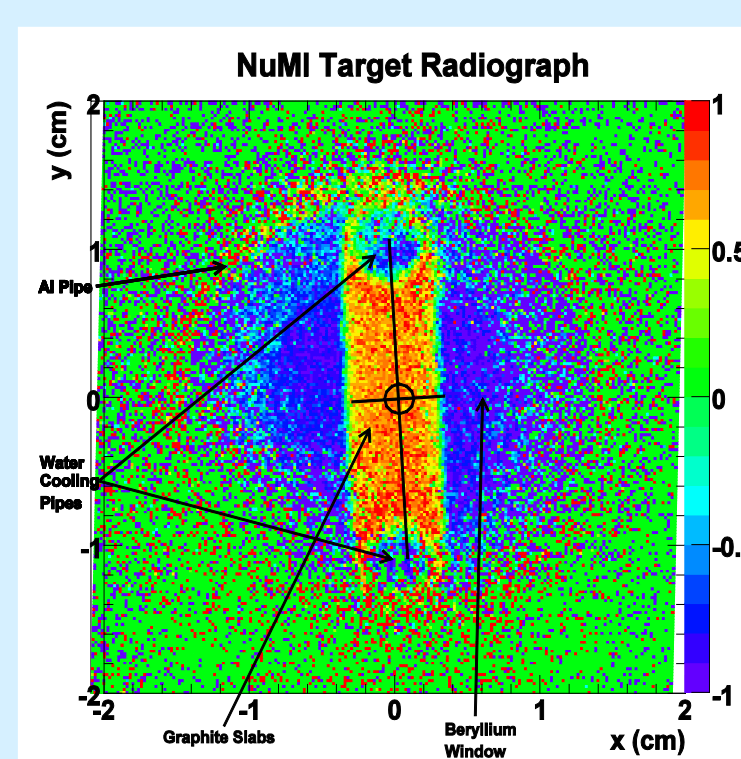


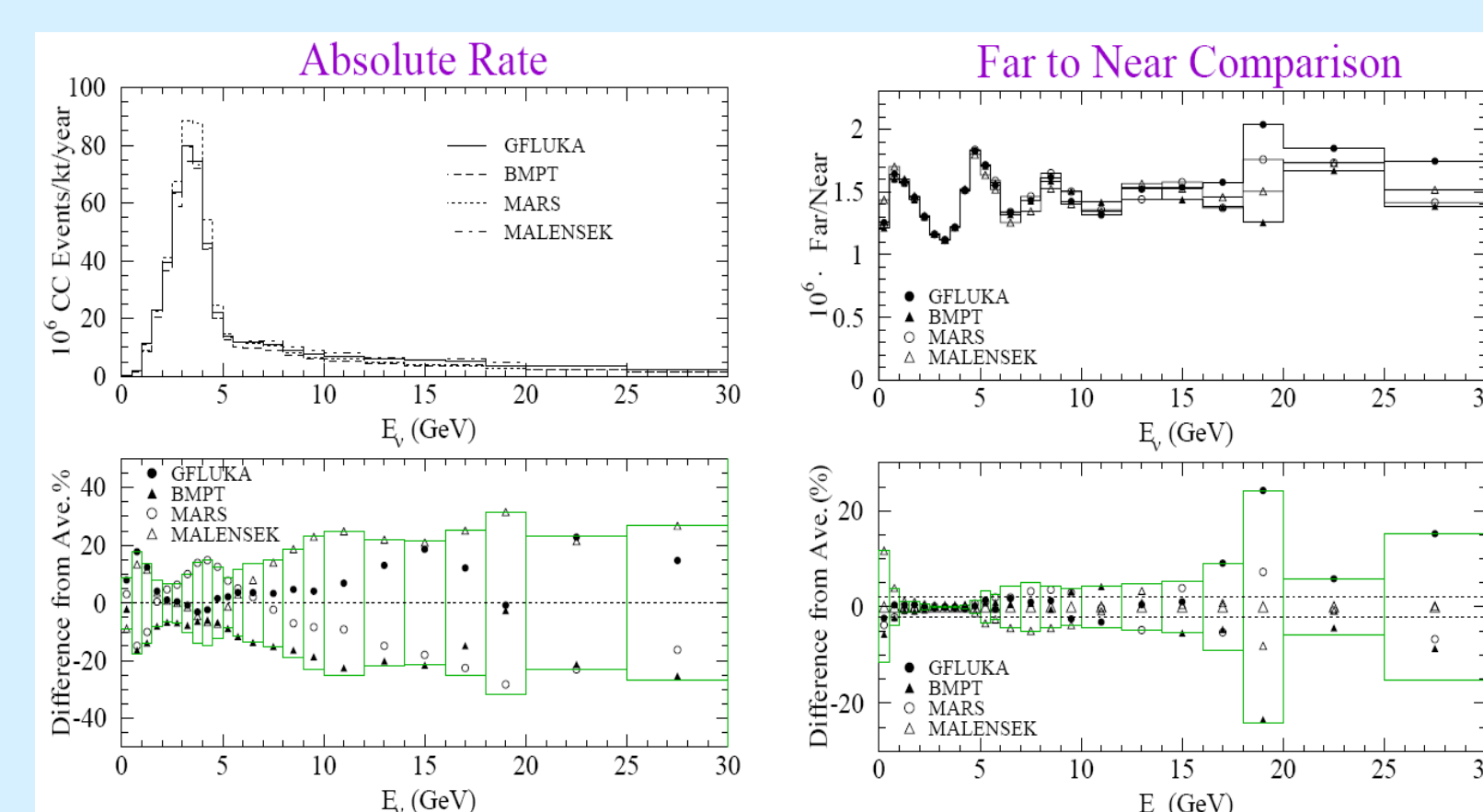
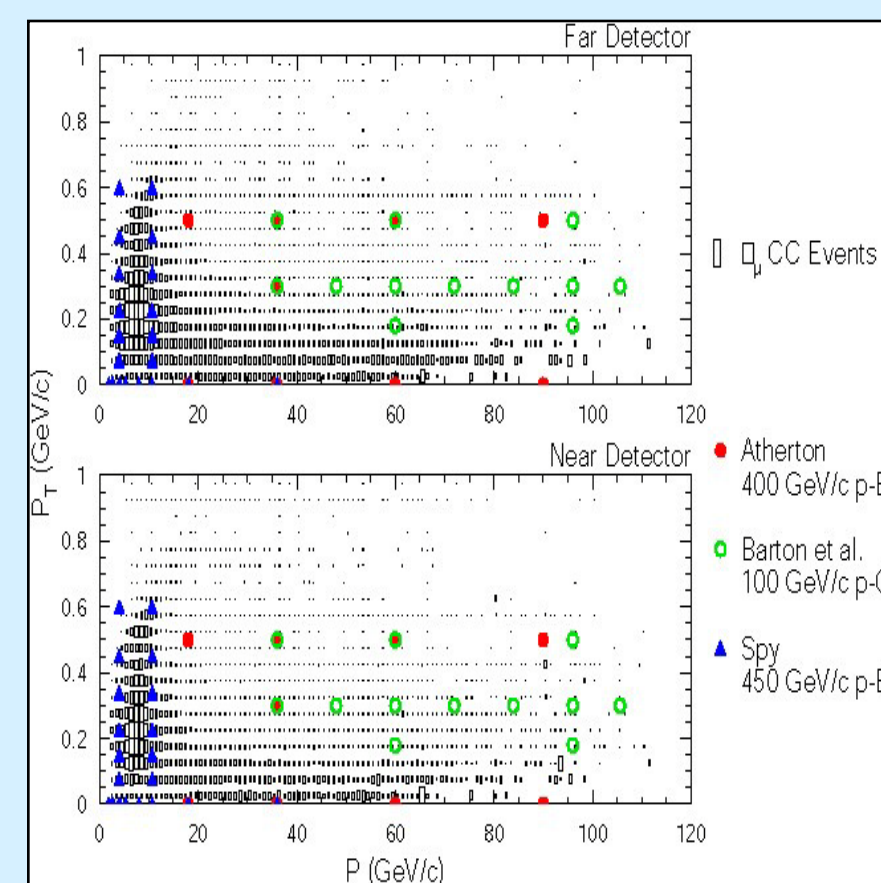
Introduction to the Experiment



- MIPP is a hadron production experiment which uses 120 GeV/c Main Injector primary protons to produce secondary beams of π^+ , π^- , K^+ , K^- , p and \bar{p} from 5 GeV/c to 90 GeV/c to measure particle production cross sections of various nuclei including hydrogen and NuMI target
- Full acceptance spectrometer**
- Excellent Particle ID (PID) separation**
 - TPC: up to 1 GeV/c
 - ToF: up to 2 GeV/c
 - Ckov: up to 17 GeV/c
 - RICH: up to 120 GeV/c



Motivation



- Previous experiments used single-arm spectrometers, giving only single (p, p_T) flux measurements
- Programs like Geant4, MARS, Fluka etc. model hadronic interactions based on available data
- Most existing data are low statistics, with poor particle id, sometimes contradictory**
- Neutrino flux problems in NuMI, MiniBooNE, K2K, T2K, NOvA, MINERvA can be reduced to one problem: **the current insufficient state of hadronic shower simulators**

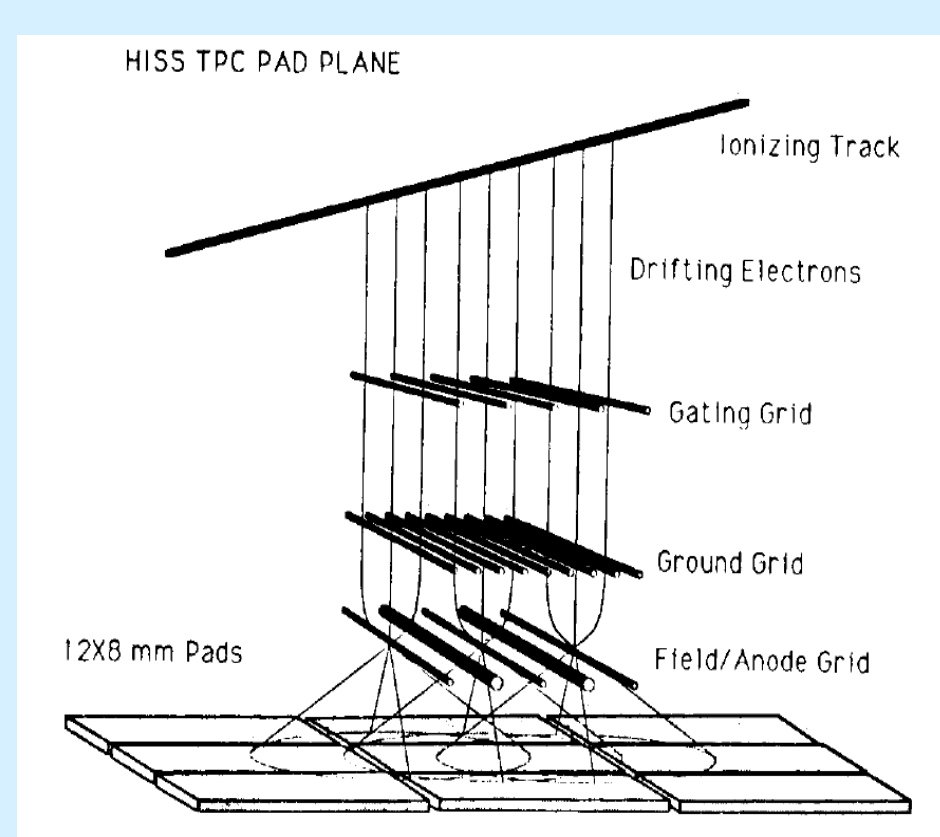
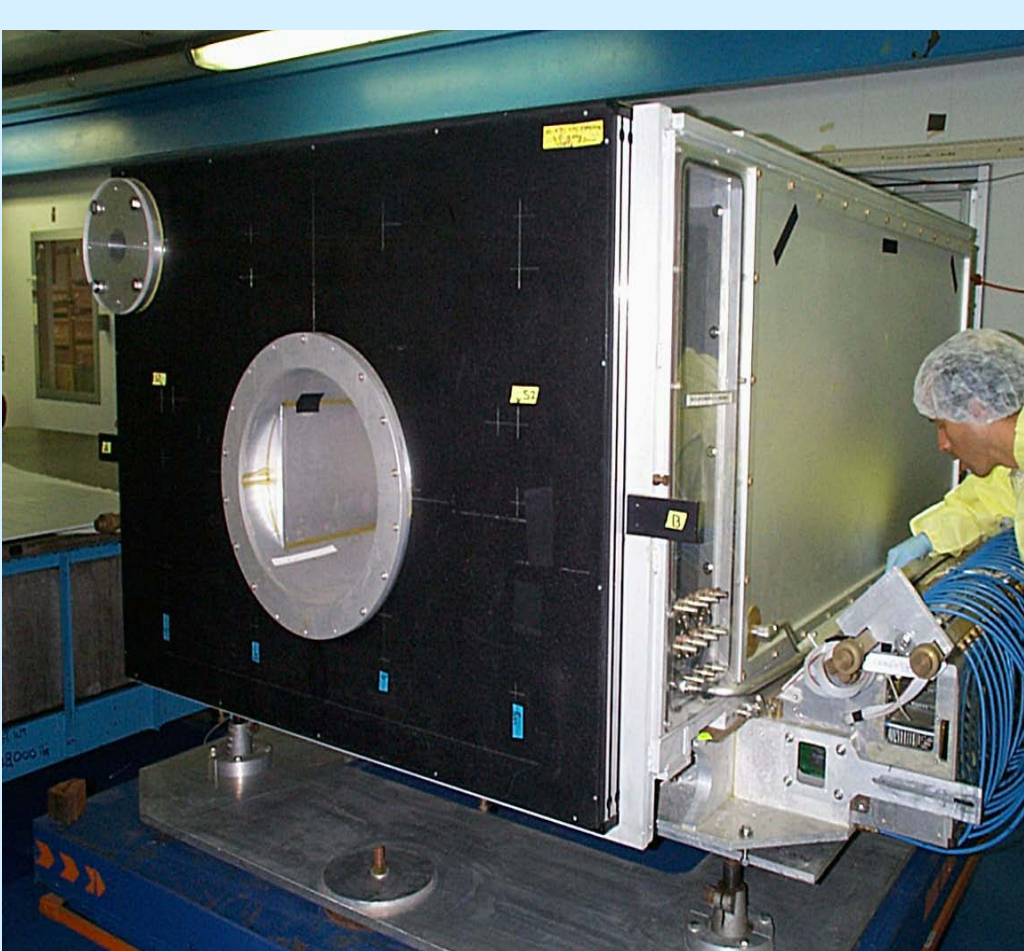
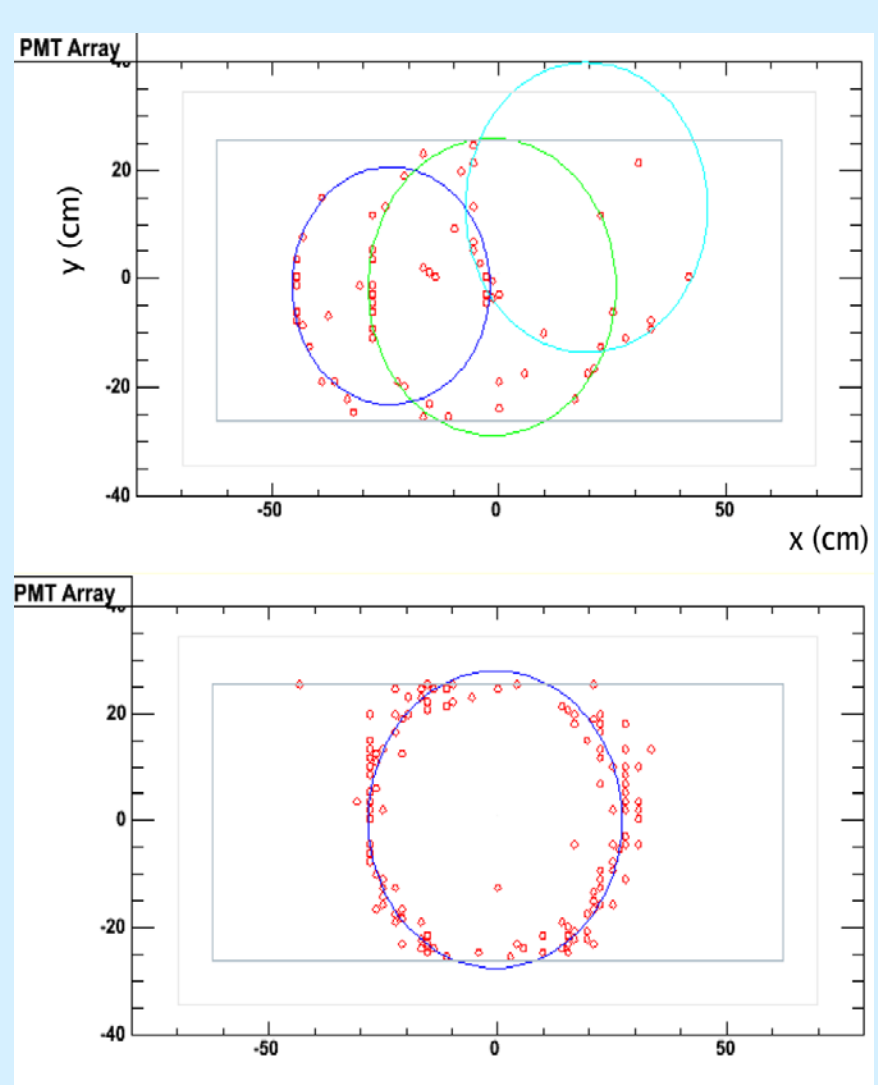
MIPP Detectors

MIPP TPC:

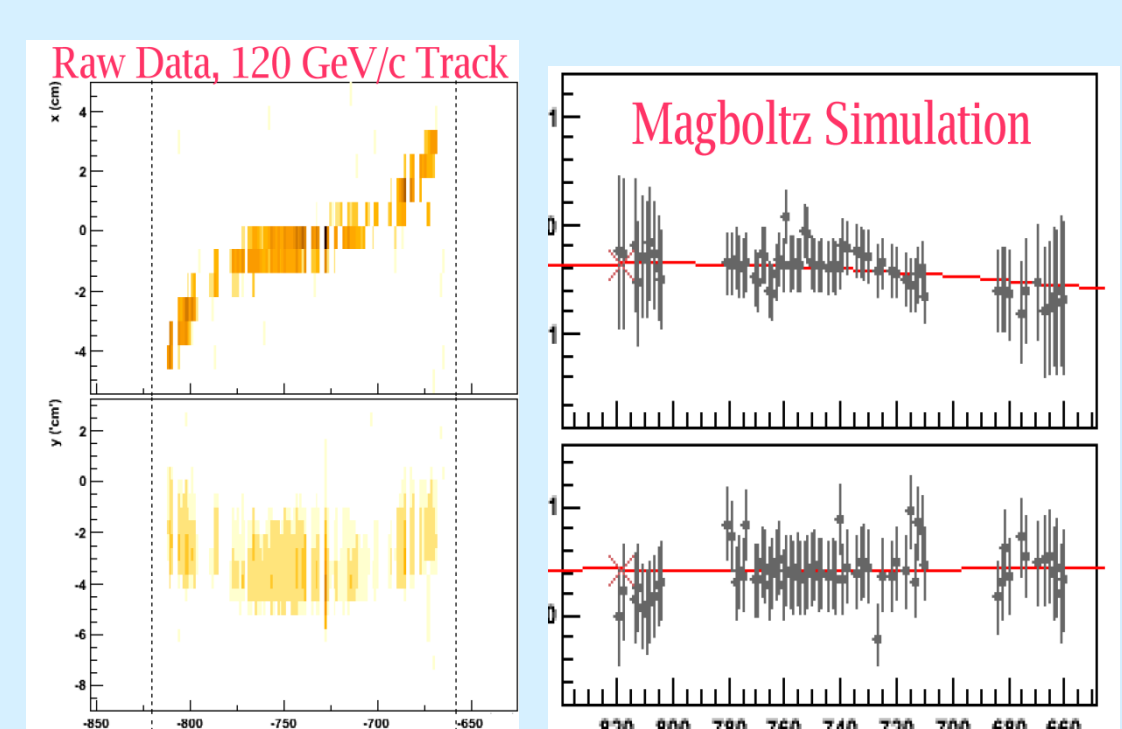
- Particle tracks ionize P10 gas (10% Methane in Argon)
- Electrons drift in 10 kV electric field
- dE/dx depends on the particle type. From Bethe Bloch formula: $-dE/dx \propto z^2/m\beta^2$
- 120 x 128 readout pads of 8 x 12 mm² area on bottom give position in x and z
- Drift time measurement gives y coordinate

RICH:

- $\cos\theta_c = 1/n\beta$
- RICH rings are found and fitted to a circle of radius $R \sim \sqrt{2(1-1/n\beta)}$**

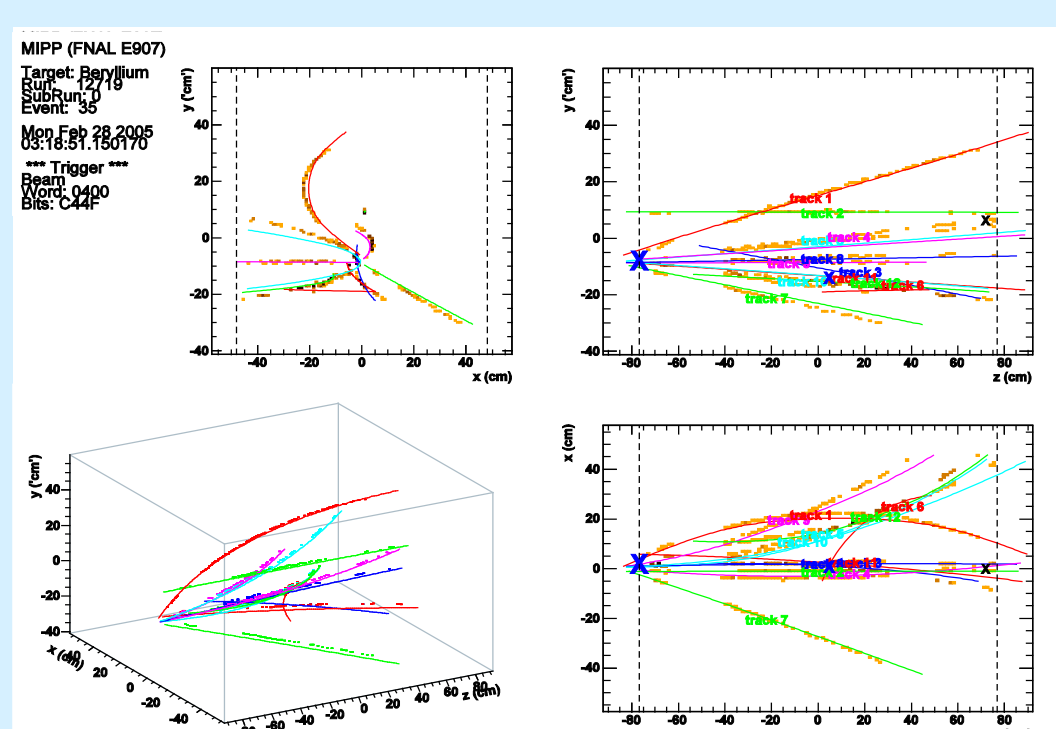
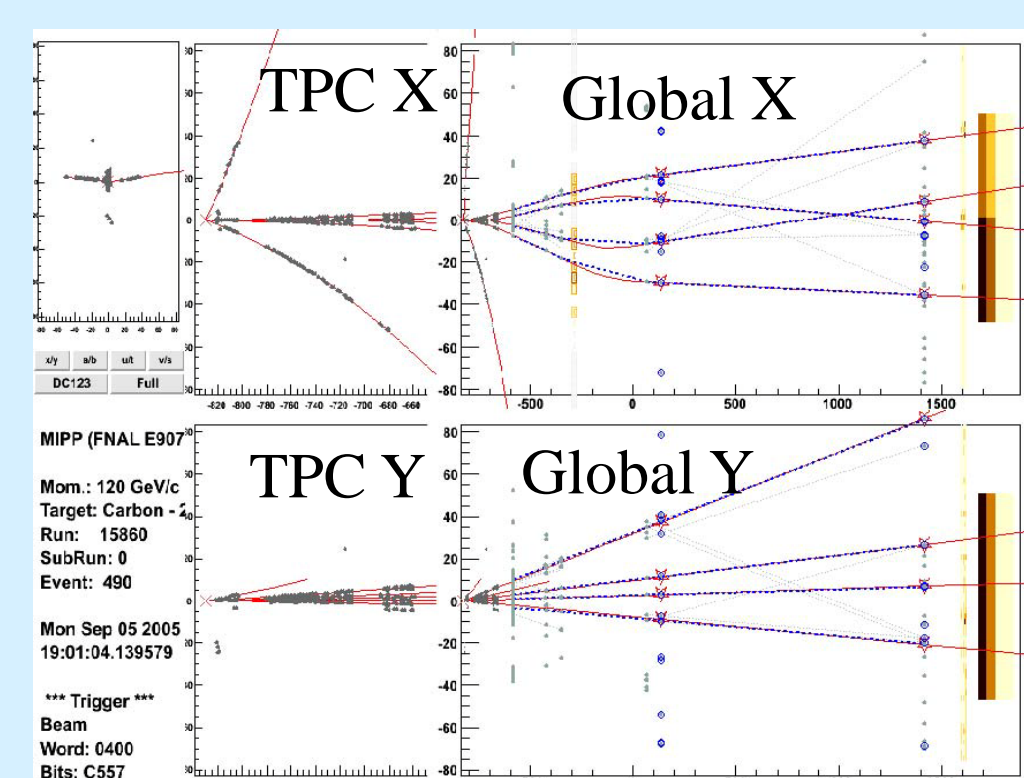


Track and Vertex Reconstruction



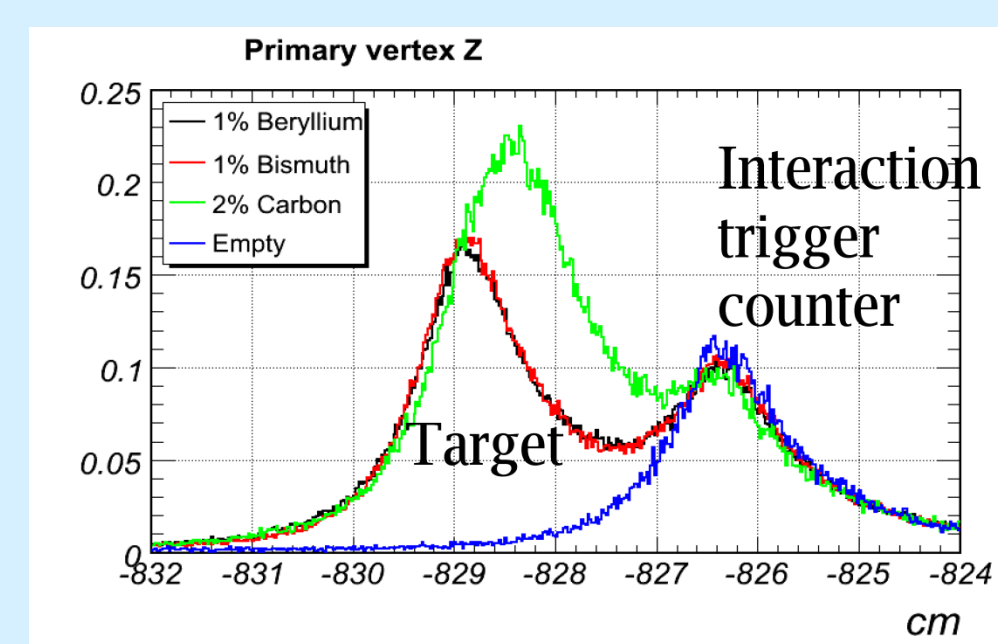
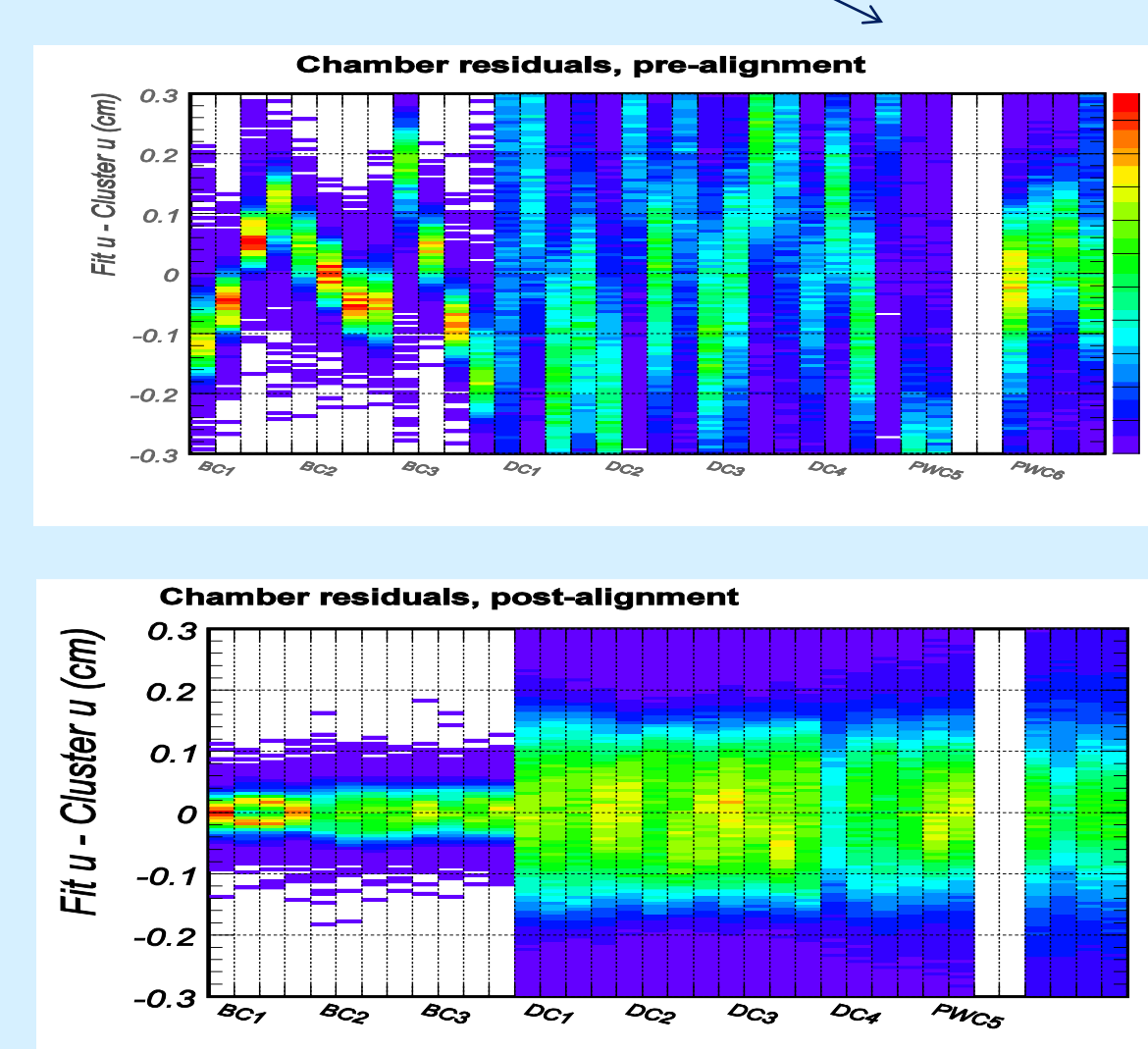
- JGG field is non-uniform. Huge ExB effect on electron drift in TPC
- Distortions corrected using Magboltz simulation

MIPP TPC - Reconstructed tracks



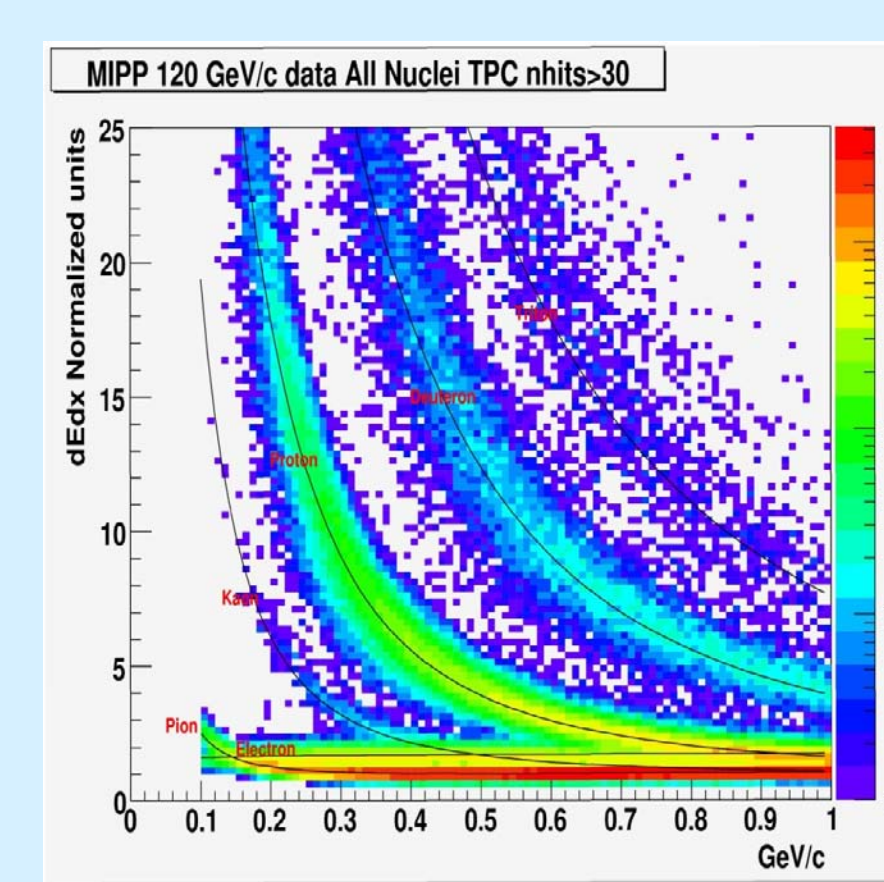
Reconstructed p+C 120 GeV/c event

Drift chambers are aligned on a run-by-run basis



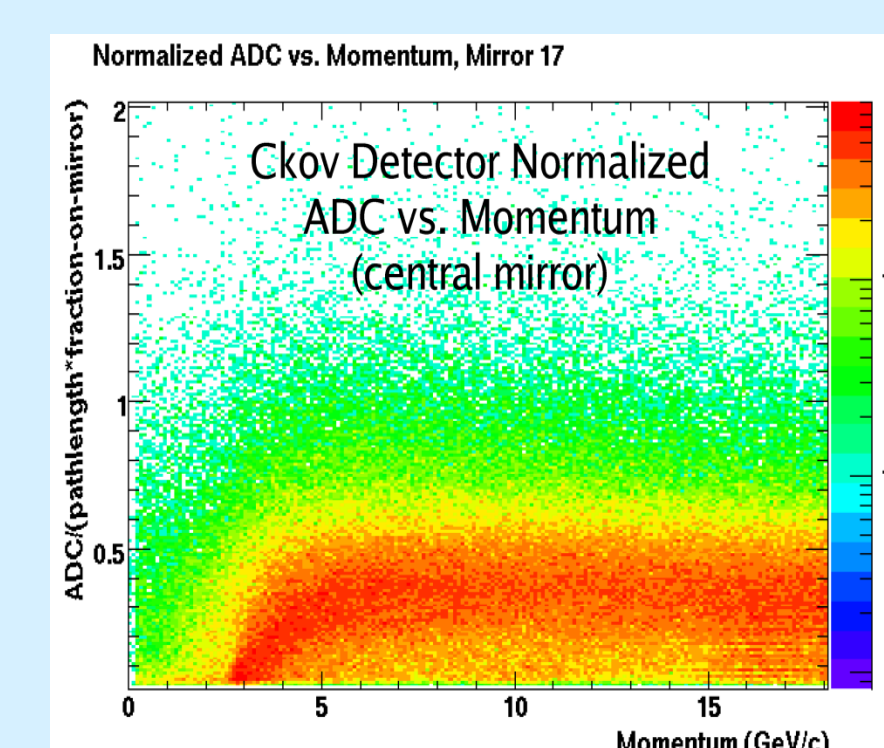
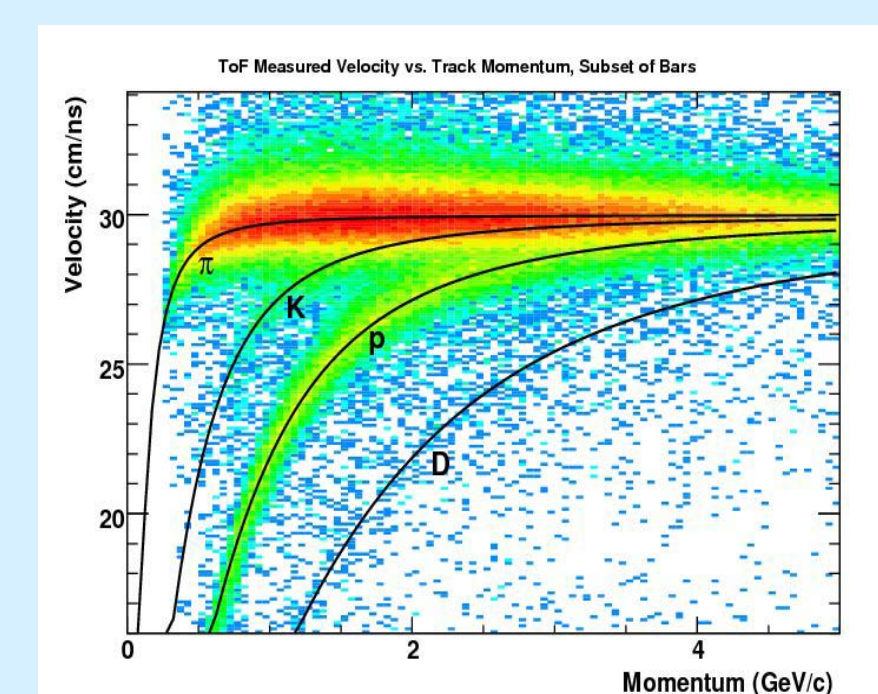
- Vertex resolution
- Z resolution ~ 6 mm
- X, Y resolution < 1 mm

Particle Identification



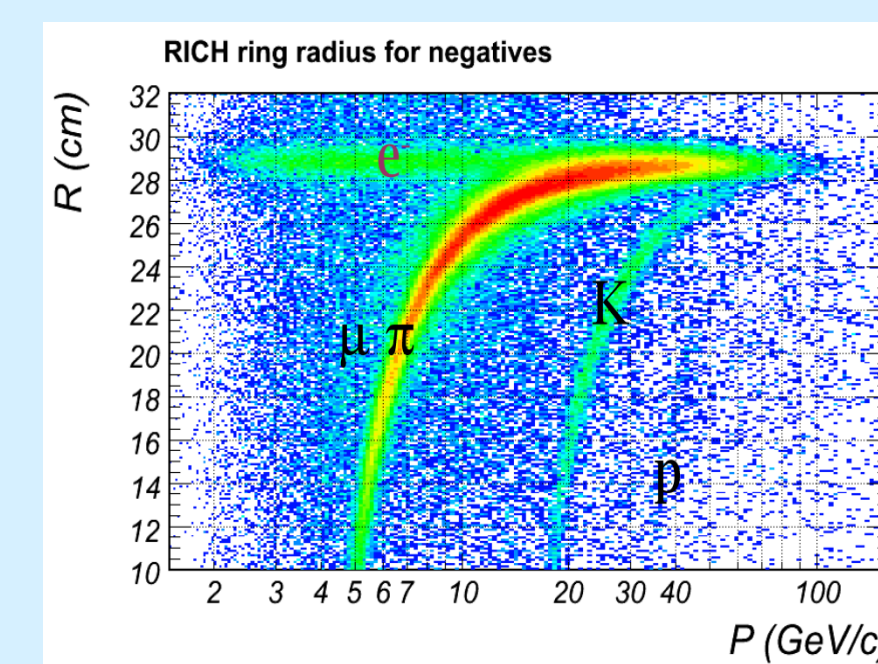
- Separation of particles in momentum range 0.1 - 1 GeV/c
- $\langle dE/dx \rangle$ resolution $\sim 12\%$

- Time-of-flight system calibrated and gives expected β vs. p distributions
- $\pi/K/p$ separation in momentum range $\sim 0.5 - 2$ GeV/c



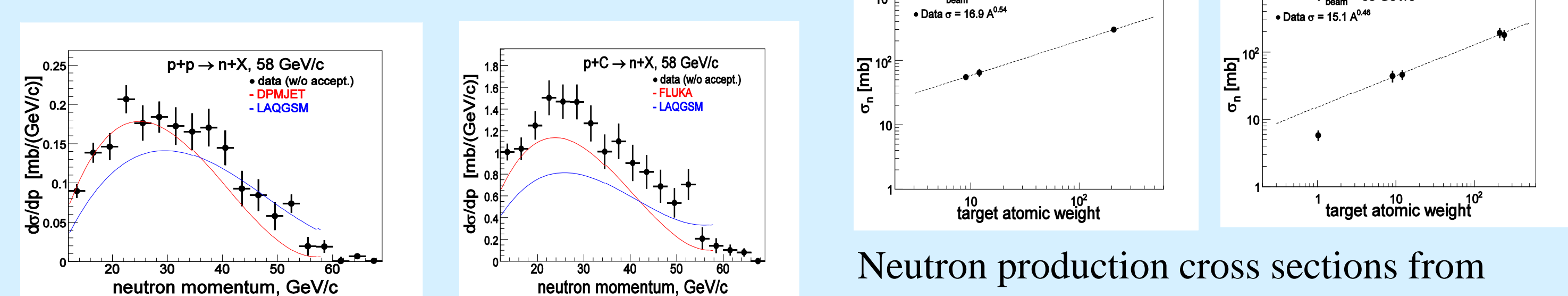
- Cherenkov detector gives:
 - π identification for $2.6 < p < 9$ GeV/c
 - p identification for $9 < p < 17$ GeV/c

- RICH ring radii distributions give clean separation of π , K and p above ~ 20 GeV/c and $e/\mu/\pi$ up to 12 GeV/c



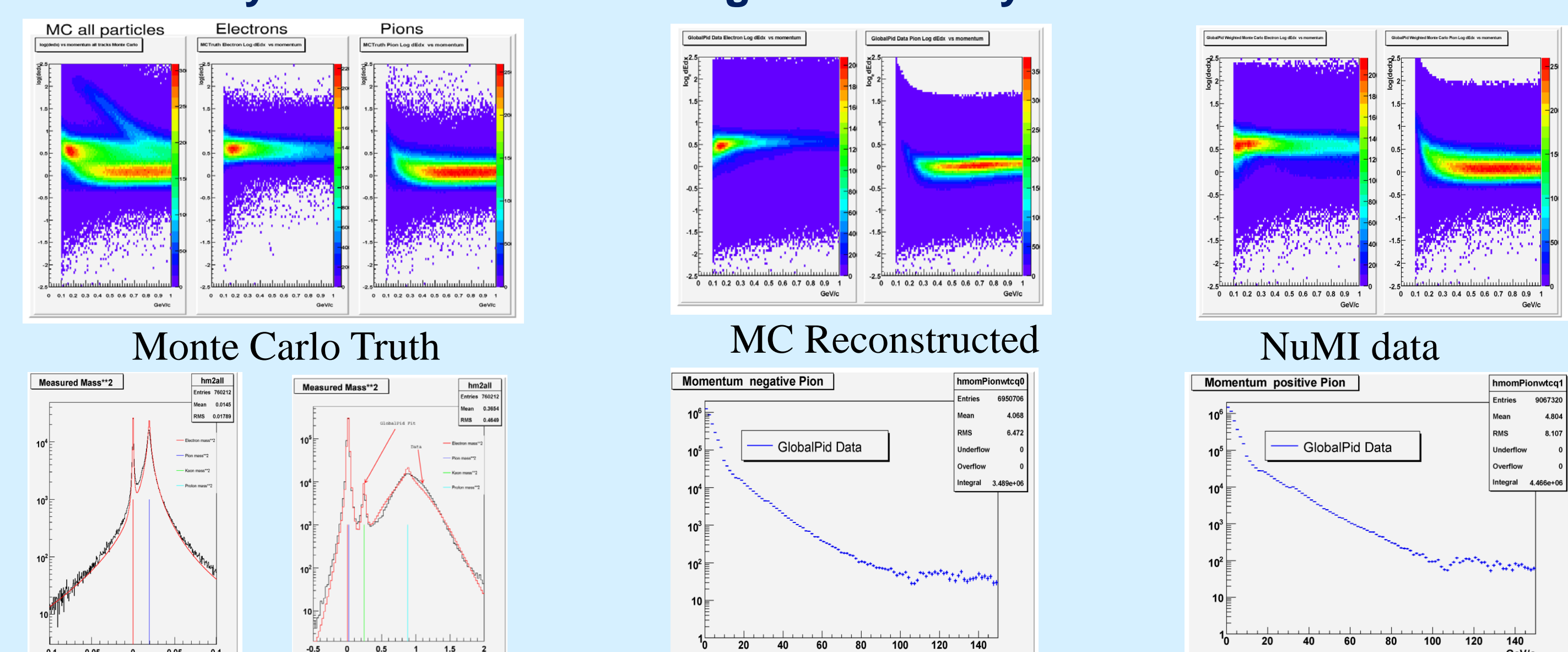
Recent Results

Forward neutron inclusive cross-sections



Measured cross-sections from this experiment compared with predictions from Monte Carlo

Preliminary results from NuMI target data Analysis



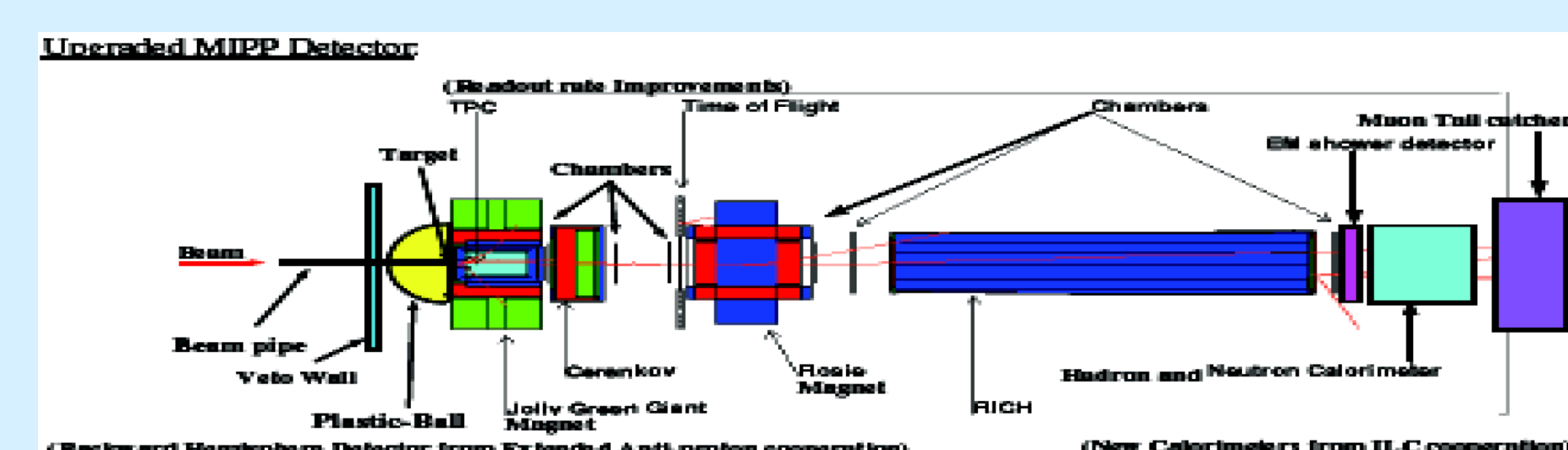
Comparison of Global Pid fits with data

NuMI target analyzed by Global Pid

Future Analyses

- NuMI target analysis (See Preliminary Results, close to completion) *
- Production cross sections for 20, 58, 85 GeV/c π , K and p on LH₂ target and also thin targets C, Be, Bi and U *
- Neutral Kaon Production cross-sections
- Testing the "Scaling Law" of inclusive cross-sections
- Provide data for studies of non-perturbative QCD
- Investigate light meson spectroscopy, missing baryon resonances
- * **Analyses are in progress**

MIPP Upgrade



- Current experiment is limited by DAQ rate, dominated by the TPC readout rate (~ 30 Hz). An upgrade of the TPC electronics, using the ALICE ALTRO chip, can increase this readout rate by up to 100x. **1100 chips have been delivered from CERN**
- Jolly Green Giant replaced and installed**
- Further upgrades include wire-chamber electronics upgrade, improved interaction trigger, recoil detector, addition of large veto wall, and an improved beamline
- Physics at Beam energies of 1 GeV/c up to 120 GeV/c
- Expanded run plan would support US and world-wide neutrino program by including more data on the MINOS/NOvA and C and Be targets, as well as cross-section measurements for **Hg and N₂ targets** which will be of importance to the **Muon Collider/Neutrino Factory and INO respectively**
- Significantly help Hadron Shower Simulation Programs
- MIPP welcomes new institutions to join the upgrade effort!**