NuFact10, October 22<sup>rd</sup>, 2010 Tata Institute of Fundamental Research Mumbai, India

#### Tau-Contamination in the golden channel at the Neutrino Factory

Pilar Coloma

Universidad Autónoma de Madrid (Spain) & IPPP, University of Durham (UK)

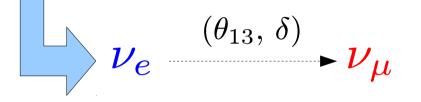
> Based on the work of A. Donini, D. Meloni and J.J. Gómez Cadenas arXiV: 1005.2275 [hep-ph]

#### The golden channel

 $\mu^+ \to e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\mu$ 

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# The golden channel $\mu^+ \to e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\mu$ Wrong sign muons: Golden signal $\nu_{e} \xrightarrow{(\theta_{13}, \delta)} \nu_{\mu} \xrightarrow{\sigma_{\nu_{\mu N}}} \mu$

### The golden channel

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Wrong sign muons: Golden signal

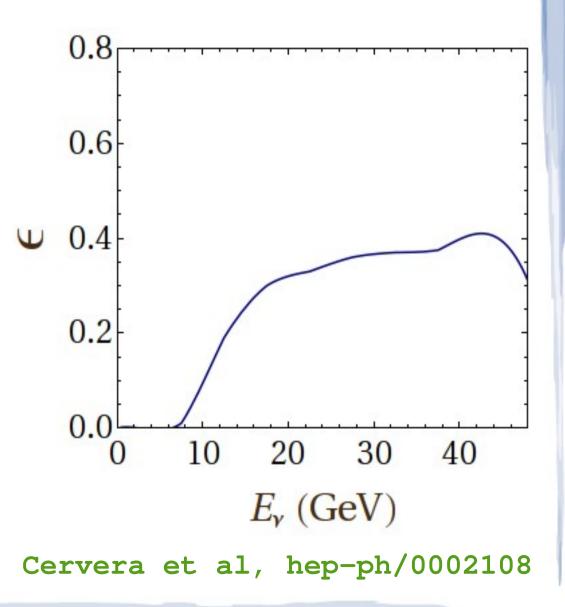
- Best channel to measure  $heta_{13},\,\delta\,$  and  $\,sgn(\Delta m^2_{31})$
- However, correlations & degeneracies appear for the 25 GeV NF.
- Ways to solve them:

 $\mu^+ \to e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\mu$ 

- Two detectors at different baselines;
- Info at different energies.
- Main backgrounds:
  - Right sign-muons;
  - CC with missed lepton + fake muons from hadrons;
  - NC + fake muons from hadrons.

#### MIND (old) efficiencies

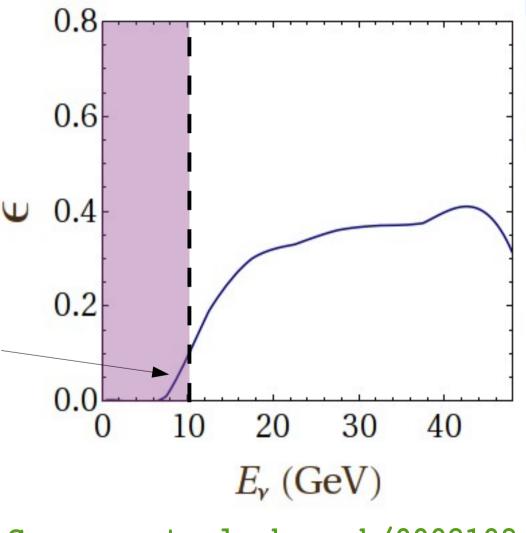
Tight kinematic cuts give a very low background fraction



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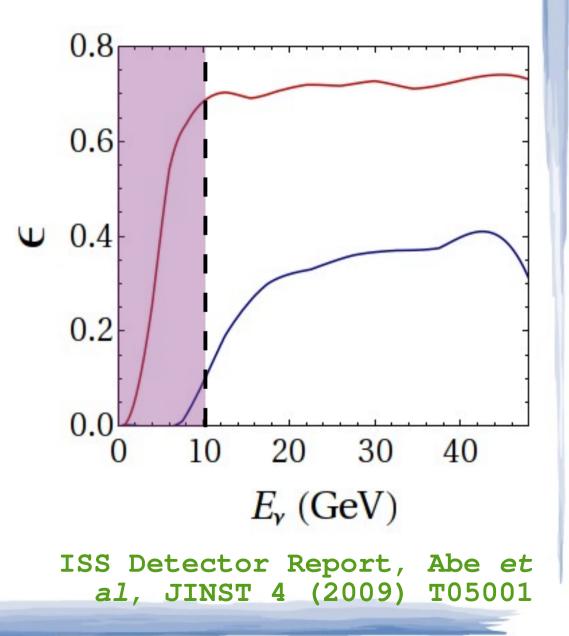
But these give very low efficiencies below 10 GeV, too...



Cervera et al, hep-ph/0002108

#### MIND (new) efficiencies

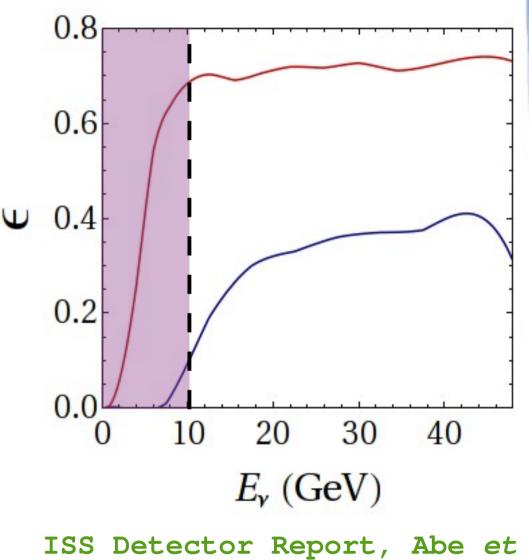
Relaxing cuts, we get better efficiencies at low energies



#### MIND (new) efficiencies







al, JINST 4 (2009)

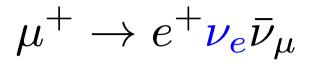
**T05001** 

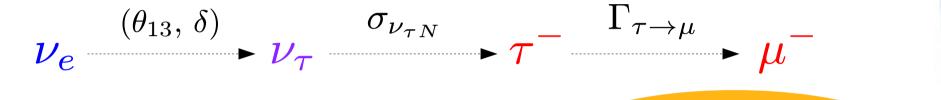
 $\mu^+ \to e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\mu$ 

 $\stackrel{(\theta_{13},\,\delta)}{\nu_e} \rightarrowtail \nu_{\tau}$ 

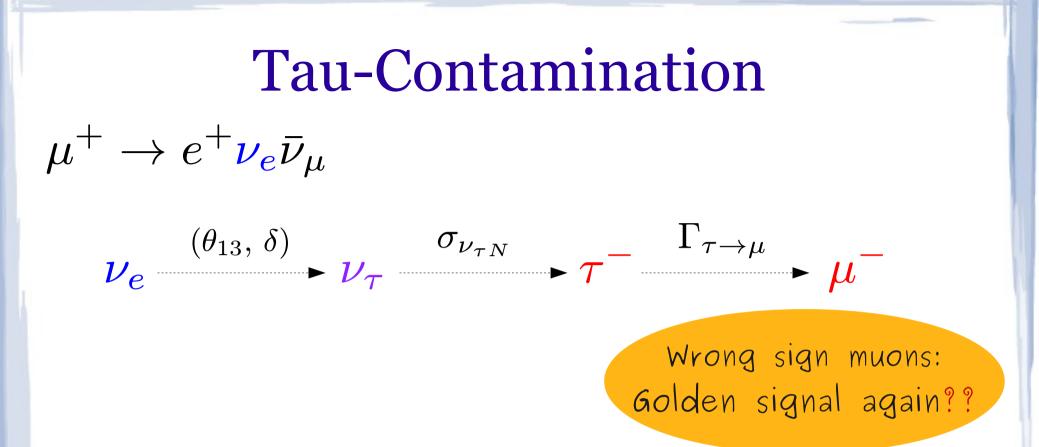
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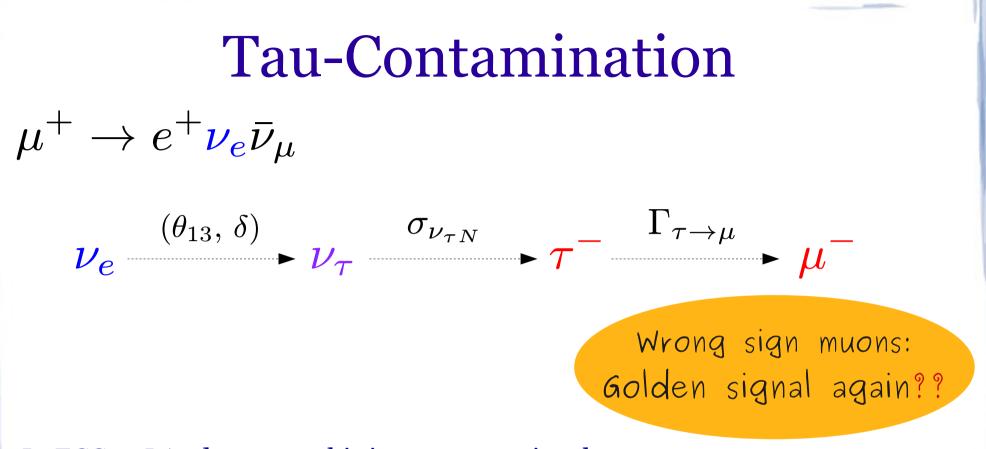




Wrong sign muons: Golden signal again??



- In ECC or LAr detectors, this is a separate signal
- In MIND, we cannot distinguish these from the "true" golden muons



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- Larger number of events than expected **Harder** <u>fake measurements</u> on  $\theta_{13}$ ,  $\delta$

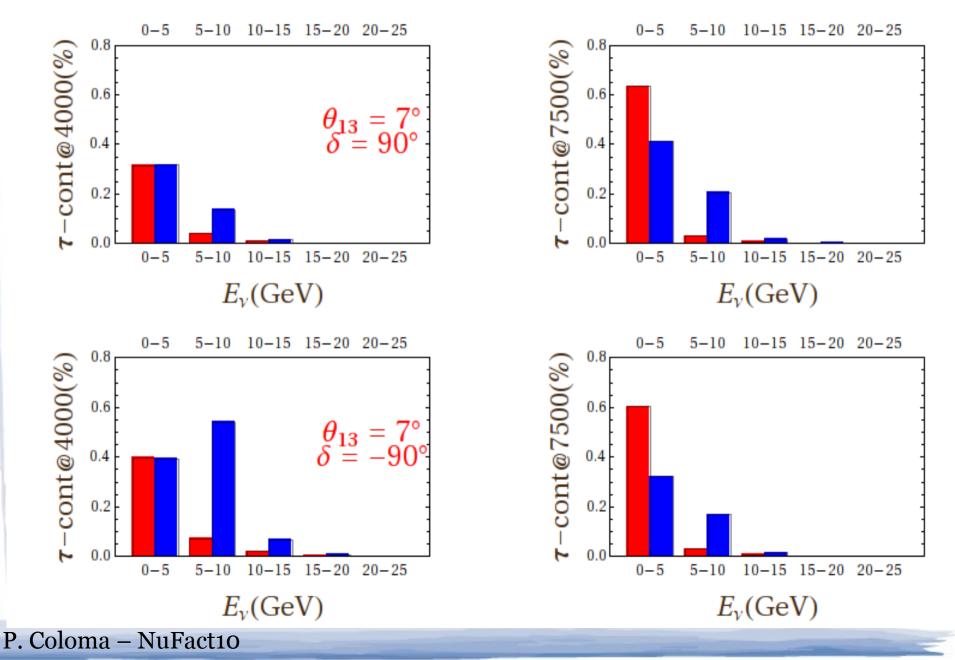
 $\nu_{e} \xrightarrow{(\theta_{13}, \delta)} \nu_{\tau} \xrightarrow{\sigma_{\nu_{\tau N}}} \tau^{-} \xrightarrow{\Gamma_{\tau \to \mu}} \mu^{-}$ 

$$\mu^+ \to e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\mu$$

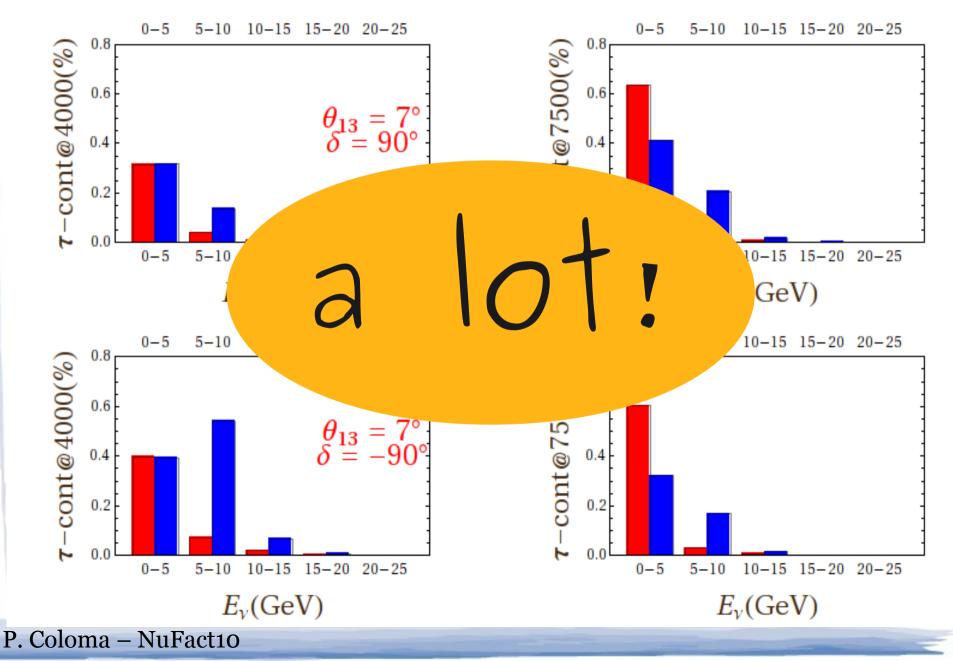
Wrong sign muons: Golden signal again??

- In ECC or LAr detectors, this is a separate signal
- In MIND, we cannot distinguish these from the "true" golden muons
- Larger number of events than expected **Harder** <u>fake measurements</u> on  $\theta_{13}$ ,  $\delta$
- Low energy bins will be the most affected due to spectral change after the decay
  - Notice that now we have better muon efficiencies for E < 10 GeV.

#### How many of these will we have?

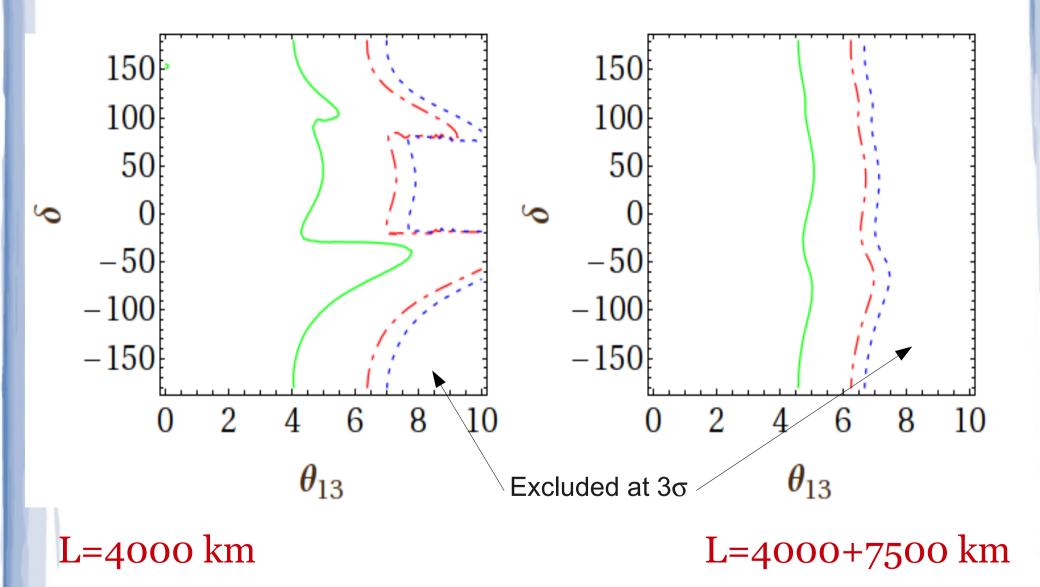


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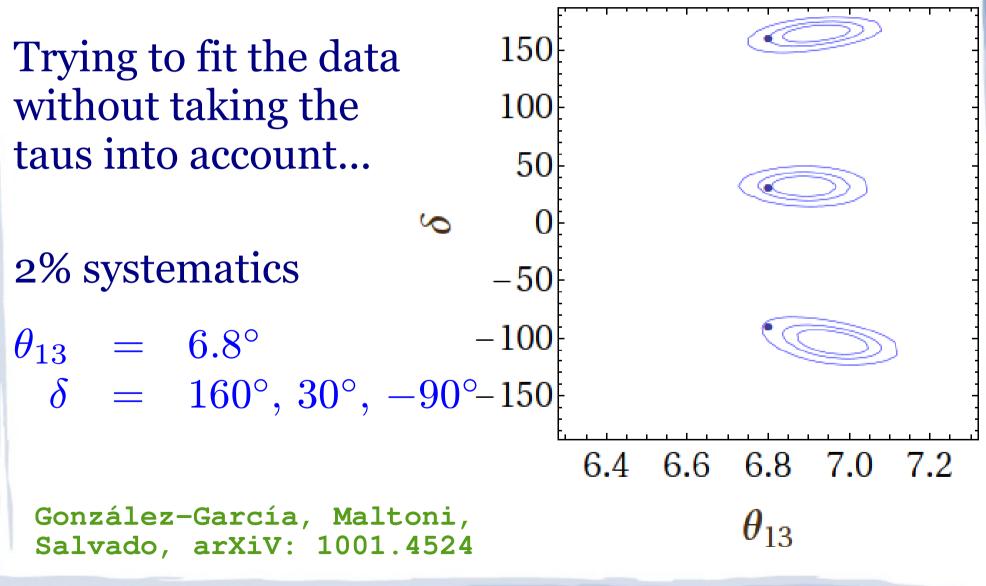


# What if we do not take these events into account in the analysis?

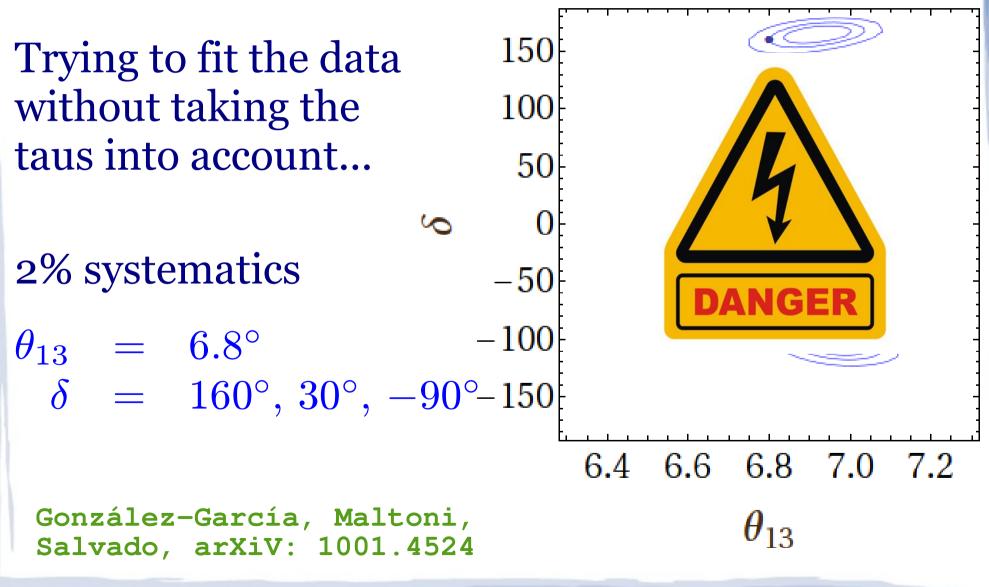
#### Can we fit the data?



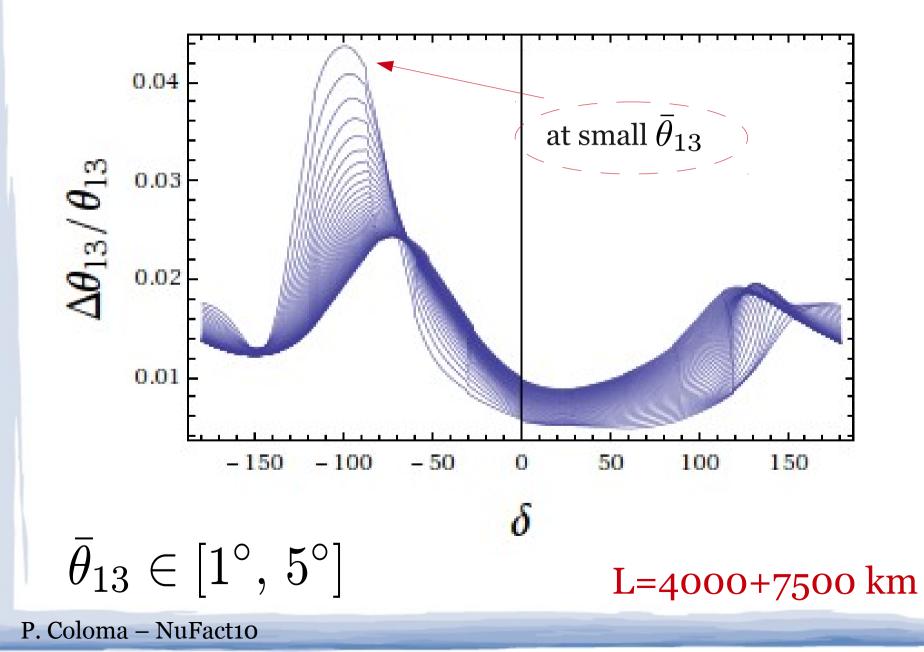
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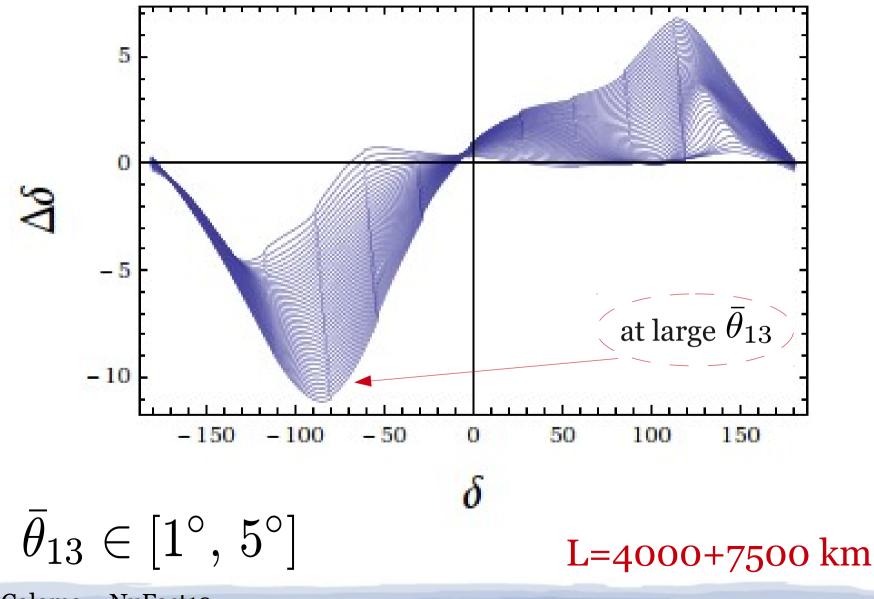
#### Can we fit the data?



#### Shift in best-fit values in $\theta_{13}$



## Shift in best-fit values in $\delta$



## Ok, this doesn't seem to be working... Let's take taus into account!

## Final Muon energy

- Fitting in the final muon energy (see talk by Sinha):
  - Add the two samples: more signal
  - No hadronic calorimeter info: more background

Indumati and Sinha, arXiV: 0910.2020

#### Neutrino energy reconstruction

Fitting in the reconstructed neutrino energy:

$$\underline{E}_{\nu_{\mu}} = E_{\mu} + E_{hadr}$$

(Golden muons)

## Neutrino energy reconstruction

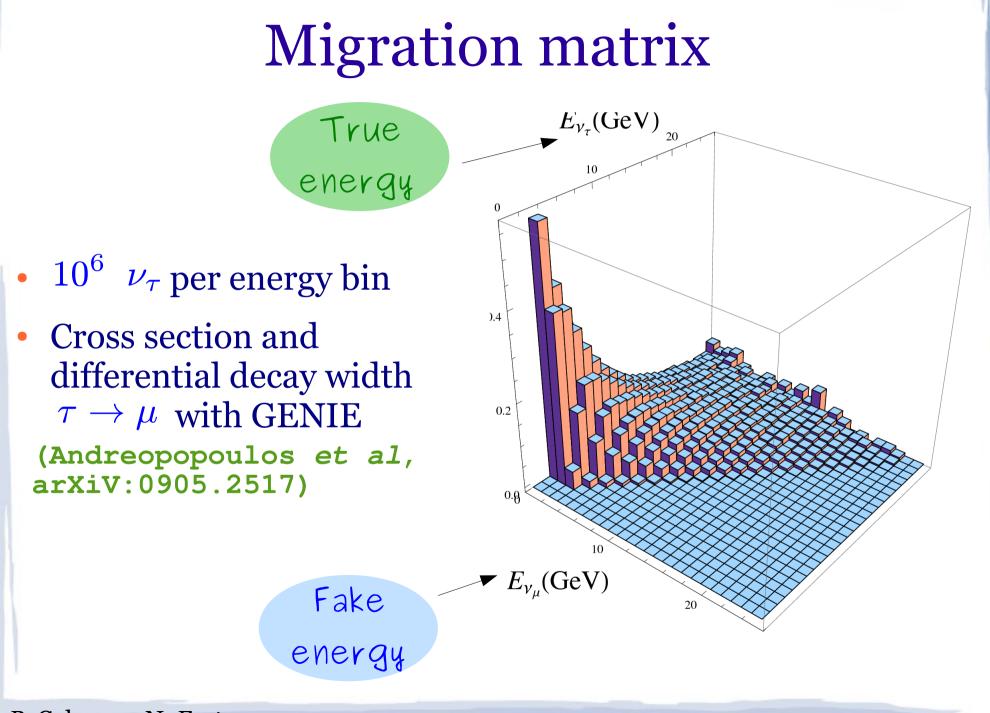
• Fitting in the reconstructed neutrino energy:

$$\begin{aligned}
 E_{\nu_{\mu}} &= E_{\mu} + E_{hadr} & \text{(Golden muons)} \\
 E_{\nu_{\tau}} &= E_{\tau} + E_{hadr} = \\
 &= E_{\mu} + E_{miss} + E_{hadr} & \text{(Silver muons)}
 \end{aligned}$$

## Neutrino energy reconstruction

• Fitting in the reconstructed neutrino energy:

$$\begin{split} E_{\nu_{\mu}} &= E_{\mu} + E_{hadr} \qquad \text{(Golden muons)} \\ E_{\nu_{\tau}} &= E_{\tau} + E_{hadr} = \\ &= E_{\mu} + E_{miss} + E_{hadr} \qquad \text{(Silver muons)} \\ &\stackrel{"}{\underbrace{E_{\nu_{\mu}}}} = E_{\mu} + E_{hadr} < E_{\nu_{\tau}} \\ &\text{The neutrino energy is wrongly reconstructed!} \end{split}$$



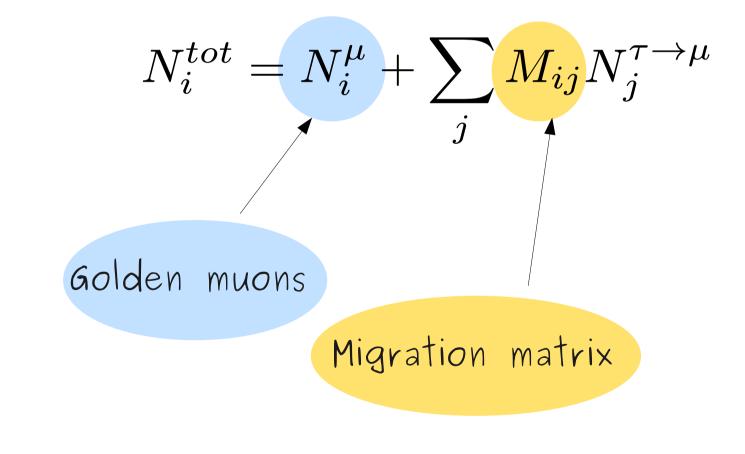
• Once we have computed the migration matrix  $M_{ij}$ , we can compute theoretically the entire signal:

$$N_i^{tot} = N_i^{\mu} + \sum_j M_{ij} N_j^{\tau \to \mu}$$

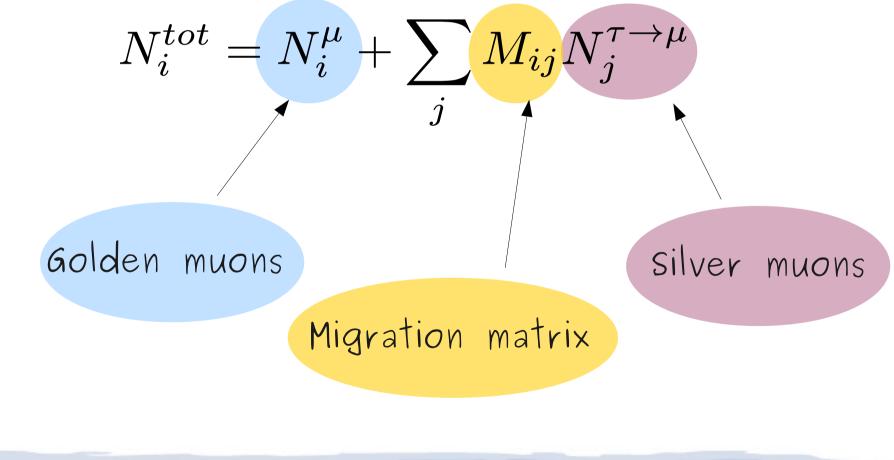
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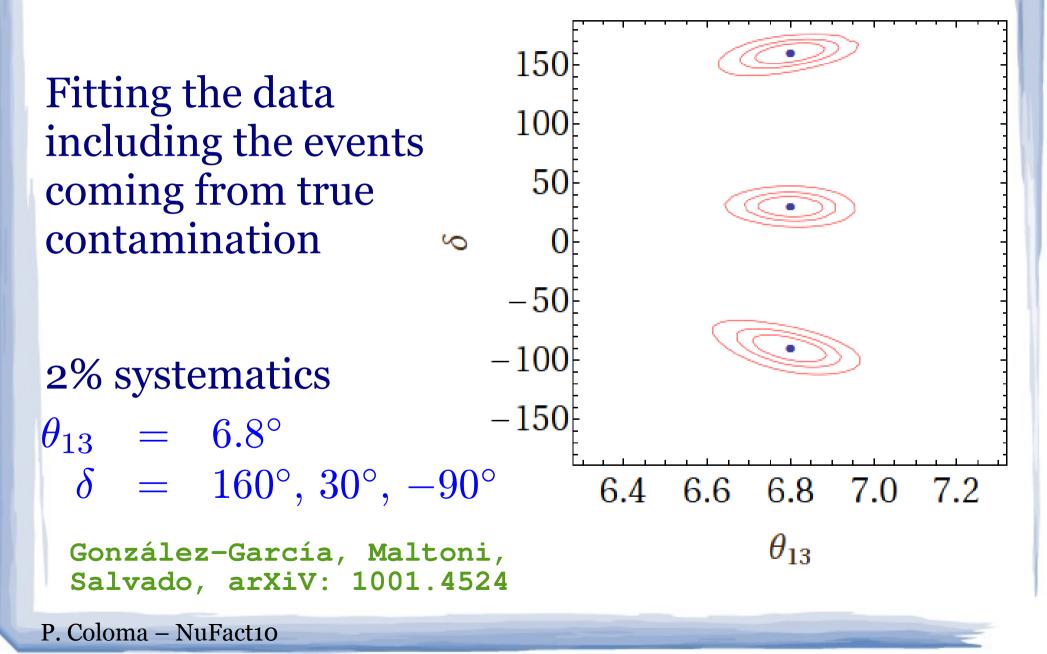
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150

Fitting the data including the events coming from true contamination

2% systematics

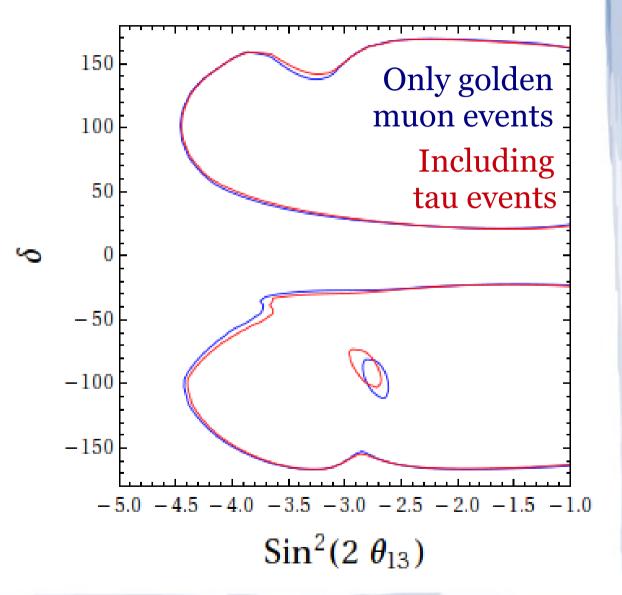
 $\theta_{13} = 6.8^{\circ}$  $\delta = 160^{\circ}, 30^{\circ}, -90^{\circ}$ 

González-García, Maltoni, Salvado, arXiV: 1001.4524

10050 -50-100-1506.4 6.6 6.8 7.2 7.0  $\theta_{13}$ 

### CP discovery potential

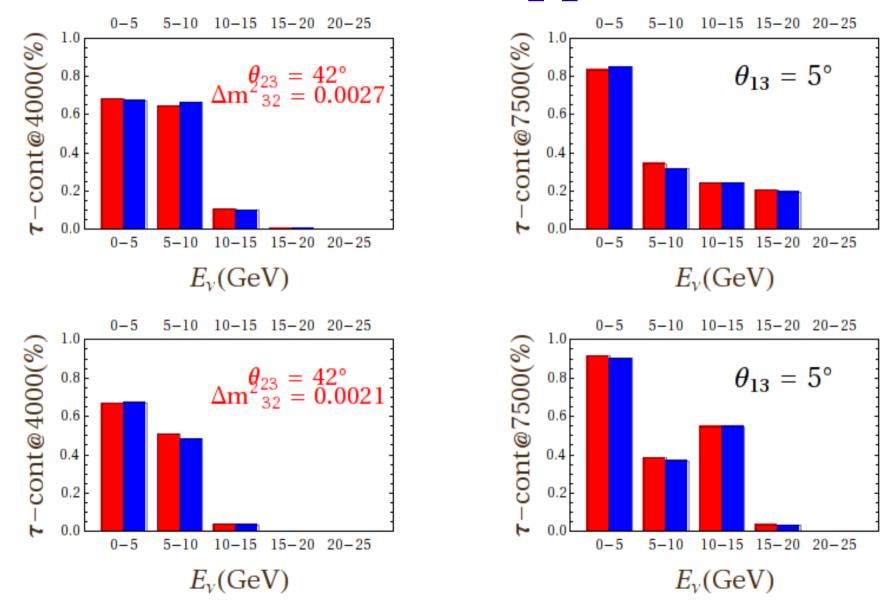
#### Mild effect on CP violation discovery potential

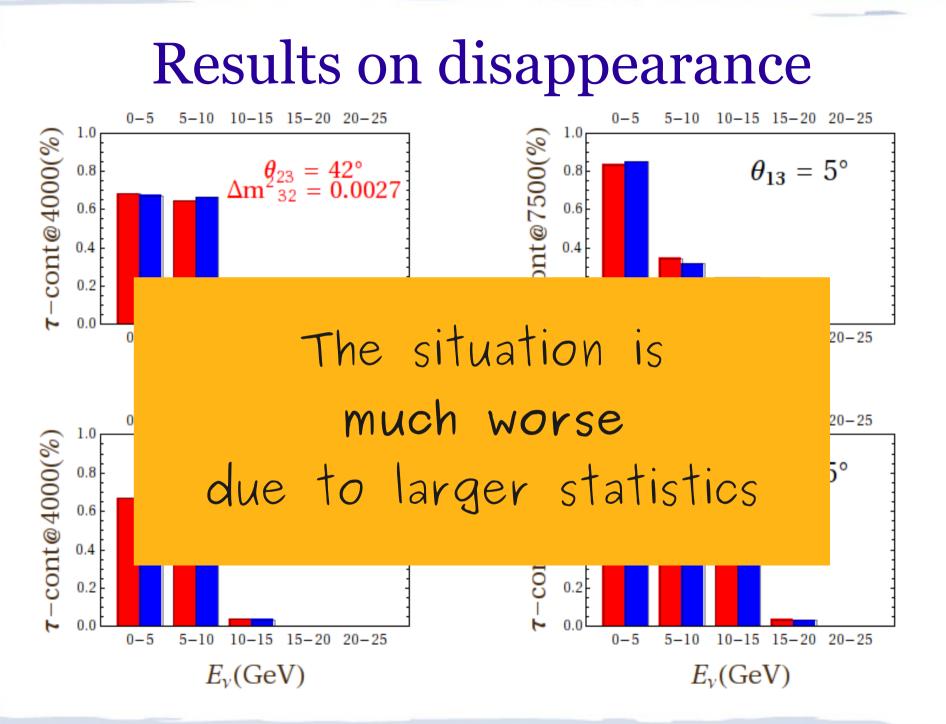


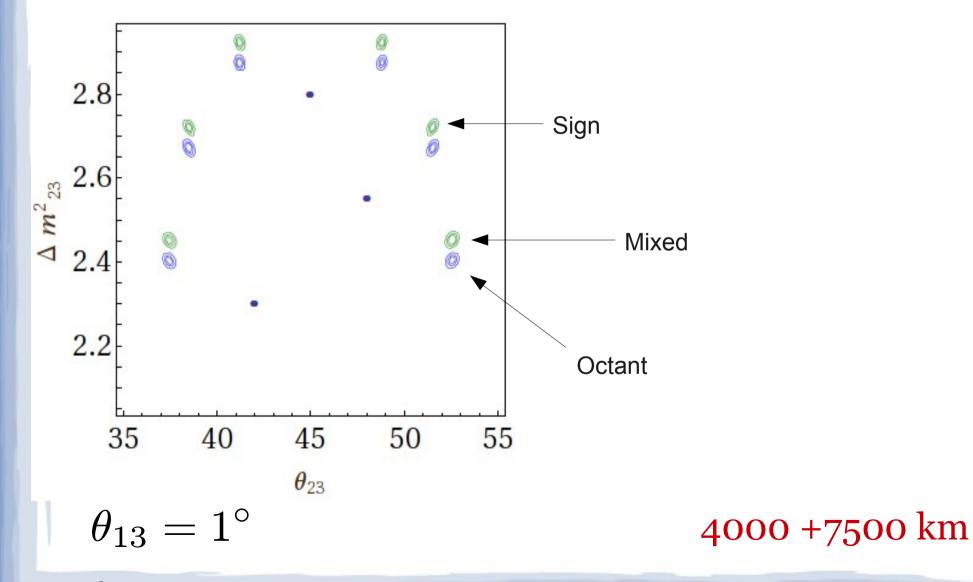
#### 4000 +7500 km

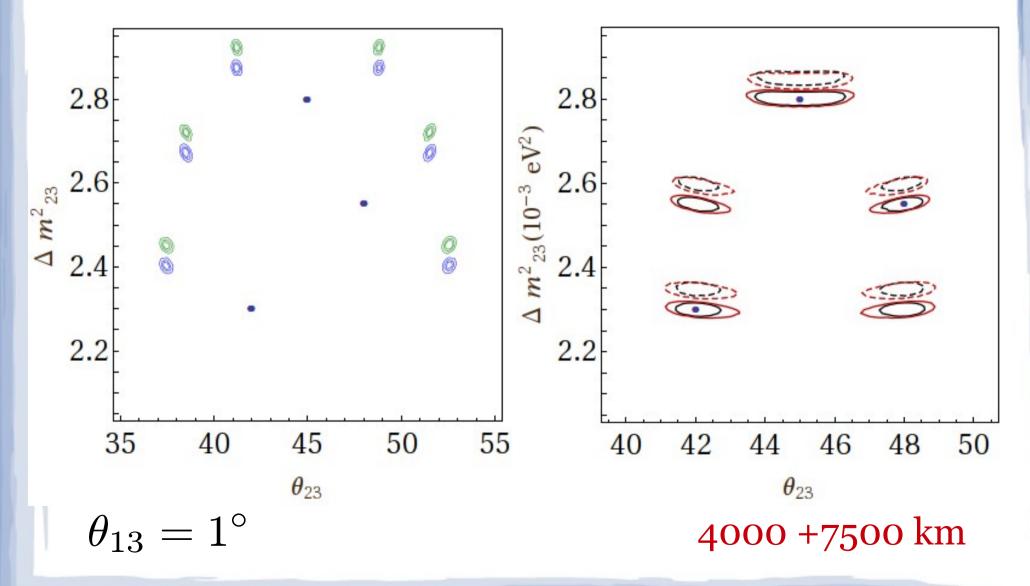
#### Some results on disappearance too...

Work in progress: P. Coloma, A. Donini, J.J. Gómez Cadenas, D. Meloni

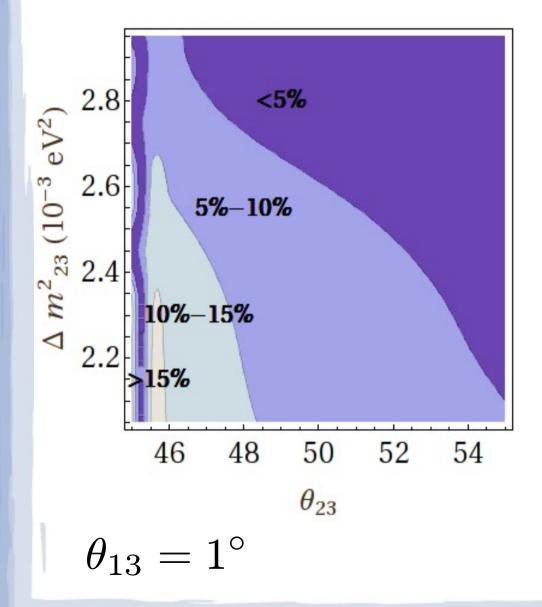


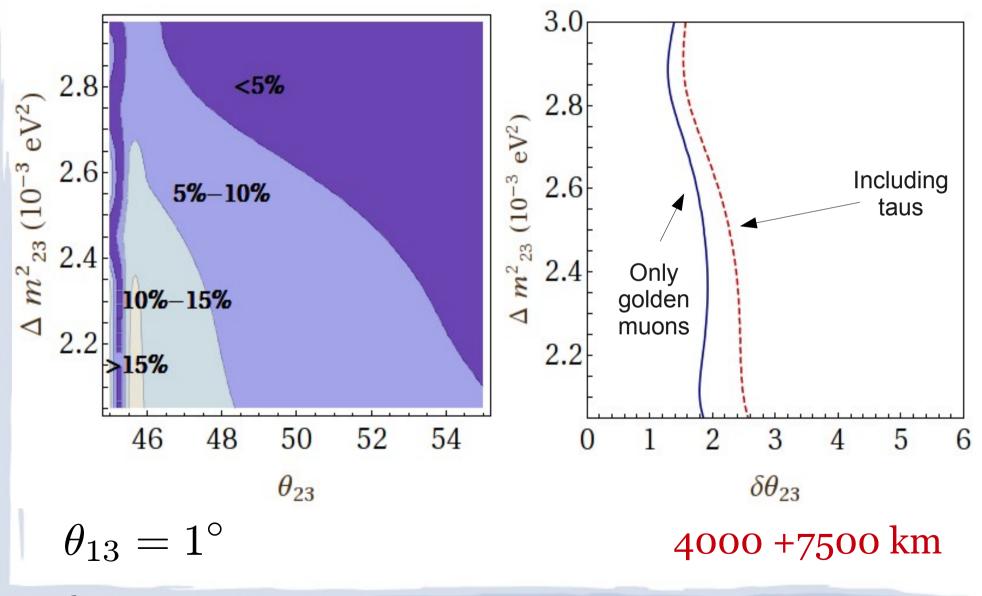






4000 +7500 km





#### Conclusions

- Wrong-sign muons from wrong-sign taus represent an unavoidable component of the signal at MIND
- Using the final muon energy: larger backgrounds
- Using the reconstructed neutrino energy, but not including this component, gives either:

- An awful fit for  $\theta_{13} > 5^{\circ}$ 

- A wrong measurement of  $\theta_{13}$ ,  $\delta$ (for  $\bar{\theta}_{13} \in [1^\circ, 5^\circ]$ )

#### Conclusions

- We have statistically computed the migration matrix that assigns muon-from-tau events corresponding to a given  $E_{\nu_{\tau}}$  to bins in fake  $E_{\nu_{\mu}}$
- When theoretical distribution of expected events take into account this component, the problem is solved
- Situation is not much worsened due to taucontamination for the golden channel, but it is for disappearance.
- We must include  $M_{ij}$  in GLoBES



#### How many of these will we have?

